Travel Ban Reinstated – Implications for Foreign Nationals

On Monday, Dec. 4, 2017, the U.S. Supreme Court issued two orders that will allow President Trump's Sept. 24th travel ban to go into effect immediately while lower court appeals in Maryland and Hawaii remain pending. The Supreme Court has encouraged those courts to quickly make determinations on the appeals. Meanwhile, restrictions set forth in the September order are now in place.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impacted Country</th>
<th>Summary of Current Restrictions</th>
<th>Who CAN Enter the U.S.</th>
<th>Who CANNOT Enter the U.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Iran             | Suspended: Entry of all nonimmigrants (except those entering on the F, M, or J visa) and Immigrant Visa holders Additional Screening & Vetting: Entry on the F, M, or J visa will be subject to additional screening and vetting. | • U.S. Permanent Residents  
• Nationals Entering on an Advance Parole document  
• Nationals entering on a student or exchange visitor visa (F-1, M, J-1) and their dependents  
• Dual Nationals traveling with a passport of a nondesignated country (example: hold Canadian citizenship and traveling with Canadian passport)  
• Nationals who have been granted asylum by the U.S. | • Nationals entering on an employment-based visa (H-1B, L-1, O-1) and their dependents  
• Nationals entering on a B-1 or B-2 visitor visa  
• Nationals who applied for U.S. Permanent Residence via Consular Processing and entering the U.S. with an Immigrant Visa |
| Chad Libya Yemen | Suspended: Entry of temporary visitors on business or tourist visas (B-1/B-2); and new Immigrant Visa holders | • U.S. Permanent Residents  
• Nationals entering on an Advance Parole document  
• Nationals entering on an employment-based visa (H-1B, L-1, O-1) and their dependents  
• Nationals entering on a student or exchange visitor visa (F-1, M, J-1) and their dependents  
• Dual Nationals traveling with a passport of a nondesignated country (example: hold Canadian citizenship and traveling with Canadian passport)  
• Nationals who have been granted asylum by the U.S. | • Nationals entering on a B-1 or B-2 visitor visa  
• Nationals who applied for U.S. Permanent Residence via Consular Processing and entering the U.S. with an Immigrant Visa |
| North Korea Syria | Suspended: Entry of all nonimmigrants and all Immigrant Visa holders | • U.S. Permanent Residents  
• Nationals entering on an Advance Parole document  
• Dual Nationals traveling with a passport of a nondesignated country (example: hold Canadian citizenship and traveling with Canadian passport)  
• Nationals who have been granted asylum by the U.S. | • Nationals entering on an employment-based visa (H-1B, L-1, O-1) and their dependents  
• Nationals entering on a B-1 or B-2 visitor visa  
• Nationals entering on a student or exchange visitor visa (F-1, M, J-1) and their dependents  
• Nationals who applied for U.S. Permanent Residence via Consular Processing and entering the U.S. with an Immigrant Visa |
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| Somalia          | Suspended: Entry of Immigrant Visa holders Non-immigrant visa adjudications will be subject to additional screening and vetting | • U.S. Permanent Residents  
• Nationals entering on an Advance Parole document  
• Nationals entering on an employment-based visa (H-1B, L-1, O-1) and their dependents  
• Nationals entering on a student or exchange visitor visa (F-1, M, J-1) and their dependents  
• Nationals entering on a B-1 or B-2 visitor visa  
• Dual Nationals traveling with a passport of a nondesignated country (example: hold Canadian citizenship and traveling with Canadian passport)  
• Nationals who have been granted asylum by the U.S. | • Nationals who applied for U.S. Permanent Residence via Consular Processing and entering the U.S. with an Immigrant Visa |
| Venezuela        | Suspended: Entry of certain Government officials of Venezuela and their families on business (B-1) and/or tourist (B-2) visas | • U.S. Permanent Residents  
• Nationals entering on an Advance Parole document  
• Nationals who applied for U.S. Permanent Residence via Consular Processing and entering the U.S. with an Immigrant Visa  
• Nationals entering on an employment-based visa (H-1B, L-1, O-1) and their dependents  
• Nationals entering on a student or exchange visitor visa (F-1, M, J-1) and their dependents  
• Nationals entering on a B-1 or B-2 visitor visa who are NOT government officials or family of a government official  
• Dual Nationals traveling with a passport of a nondesignated country (example: hold Canadian citizenship and traveling with Canadian passport)  
• Nationals who have been granted asylum by the U.S. | • Venezuela government officials and their families entering on a B-1 or B-2 visitor visa |